

L Ida C Ographie Dynamique

TIWANAKU & ITS HINTERLAND V1

Knowing our lands and resources

Ida ...

Revue de géologie dynamique et de géographie physique

Avalonian and Related Peri-Gondwanan Terranes of the Circum-North Atlantic

The Future of the Bamiyan Buddha Statues

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GIS for Coastal Zone Management

Dictionnaire universel et classique d'histoire et de géographie, comprenant L'histoire proprement dite, la biographie universelle, la mythologie, la géographie ancienne et la géographie moderne

Sartre as Biographer

The Seine River Basin

Dictionnaire universelle et classique d'histoire et de géographie....

Dictionnaire universel et classique d'histoire et de géographie, comprenant l'histoire proprement dite, la biographie universelle, la mythologie, la géographie ancienne et la géographie moderne, sur le plan du dictionnaire de Bouillet, ... et mis en ordre par une

Société de professeurs

Nursing Theories

Politics, Property and Production in the West African Sahel

The Discipline and Teaching of Nursing Process (an Evaluative Study)

Submerged Prehistory

Dynamique des systèmes agraires : le développement rural, comprendre pour agir

Dictionnaire universel et classique d'histoire et de géographie comprenant l'histoire proprement dite ... la biographie universelle, la mythologie ...

Practicing Biomedicine at the Albert Schweitzer Hospital 1913-1965

Barcelona

Ida Jean Orlando

Divine Names on the Spot II

UNESCO General History of Africa, Vol. I, Abridged Edition

The Souss-Massa River Basin, Morocco

Geologica Ultraiectina

Aux origines de l'implantation française en Mer Rouge

Reframing Deforestation

The Dynamic Nurse-patient Relationship

An Introduction to Longitudinal Research

Dictionnaire universel et classique d'histoire et de géographie, comprenant l'histoire proprement dite, la biographie universelle, la mythologie, la géographie ancienne et la géographie moderne

Dictionary Catalog of the Research Libraries of the New York Public Library, 1911-1971

A Guide to the World Bank

Bulletin de la Société belge d'études géographiques

Late Miocene Magnetostratigraphy in the Mediterranean

Politiques des noms de lieux

Transforming Education

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MARIANA JOVANI

TIWANAKU & ITS HINTERLAND V1

Psychology Press

Through a number of case studies from the West African Sahel, this book links and explores natural resources management from the perspectives of politics, property and production.

Knowing our lands and resources SAGE Publications, Incorporated

English summary: Names, images, and narratives are intimately related and frequently polysemous. As pieces of information on the gods, they convey

fragments of knowledge and attempts to interpret the multifaceted complexity of the divine world. In what Robert Parker describes as an "archipelago", images and narratives are like compasses used to approach the mapping of the gods. The different contributions collected in this volume, dealing with the Greek and the Semitic worlds (the two main areas of the "Mapping Ancient Polytheisms" project), explore connections but also discrepancies between these different semantics, in order to highlight specificities and commonalities in the onomastic and iconographic languages. French description: Les noms, les images et les récits sont intimement liés et volontiers

polysemiques. En tant qu'éléments d'information sur les dieux, ils véhiculent des fragments de connaissance et constituent autant de tentatives d'interprétation de la complexité multiforme du monde divin. Dans ce que Robert Parker décrit comme un archipel, les images et les récits sont comme des boussoles qui facilitent la cartographie des dieux. Les différentes contributions rassemblées dans ce volume, traitant des mondes grec et sémitique (les deux principaux domaines abordés dans le projet Mapping Ancient Polytheisms), explorent les connexions mais aussi les divergences existant entre ces différentes sémantiques, afin de mettre en évidence

les spécificités et les points communs entre langage onomastique et langage iconographique.

Ida ... Editions L'Harmattan

Dénommer les lieux du monde est une opération humaine essentielle de territorialisation. Elle peut être objet de conflits ou de contestations. Elle se décline de nombreuses manières qui ont à voir avec les rapports à l'espace individuel et collectif, les imaginaires et les identités associés. Les traces des noms de lieux ou toponymes sont également différentes selon les modalités d'inscription dans le paysage et l'histoire. Elles constituent un héritage, un témoignage, un marquage des lieux qui renseignent sur leurs origines, leurs fonctions et leurs usages, mais aussi sur le sens que leur donne une société ou un pouvoir. La dénomination des lieux est ainsi étudiée dans cet ouvrage de différents points de vue. Ceux-ci vont de la linguistique à la géographie politique et culturelle, en passant par l'histoire, l'anthropologie, la cartographie et d'autres champs d'études comme les études urbaines, les humanités numériques ou les études subalternes. Politiques des noms de lieux rend compte de cette transversalité en instituant les études en dénomination des lieux.

Revue de géologie dynamique et de géographie physique ISTE Group

L'Afrique du Nord et de l'Ouest

connaissent une urbanisation rapide. Alors que villes et zones urbaines ont toujours été le théâtre de conflits de par leur rôle politique et économique, nombre de mouvements séparatistes, insurrections et rébellions restent associés aux zones rurales. La croissance urbaine s'accompagne-t-elle d'une augmentation de la violence dans les villes ou les conflits demeurent-ils essentiellement ruraux ?
Avalonian and Related Peri-Gondwanan Terranes of the Circum-North Atlantic
FeniXX

"For nearly a millennium (ca. A.D. 100-1000), the pre-Hispanic, pre-Inca state of Tiwanaku was one of the great centers of native Andean civilization, controlling a vast territory that would today extend from southern Peru to northern Argentina. Until recently, however, archaeologists believed that the site of its capital was merely a ceremonial gathering place, its location high in the Bolivian Andes unsuited to sustained settlement because of climatic extremes. Archaeologists Alan L. Kolata and his colleagues now have discovered that Tiwanaku supported a large population that prospered for centuries because it used a farming and hydrological system known as raised-field agriculture."

"Between 1986 and 1992, Kolata and his team discovered and revived the technique of raised-field agriculture. Through close inspection of aerial photographs, extensive surveys, and systematic excavations, they found continuous tracts of abandoned raised fields intersected by network of causeways and canals that extended from Lake Titicaca fifteen kilometers into the surrounding hinterland. By rehabilitating some of these fields, they proved that thermal retention from the canals could prevent crop damage from the frequent frosts. This ingenious system enabled the inhabitants of Tiwanaku, despite the harsh climate, to achieve crop yields well beyond those of farmers in the region today. Raised-field agriculture now has been adopted by many of the subsistence farmers in the region, helping to increase their production."--BOOK JACKET.Title

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The Future of the Bamiyan Buddha Statues Prentice Hall

Tizian Zumthurm uses the extraordinary hospital of an extraordinary man to produce novel insights into the ordinary practice of biomedicine in colonial Central Africa. His investigation of therapeutic routines in surgery, maternity care, psychiatry, and the treatment of dysentery and leprosy reveals the incoherent nature of biomedicine and not just in Africa. Reading rich archival sources against and along the grain, the author combines concepts that appeal to those interested in the history of medicine and colonialism. Through the microcosm of the hospital, Zumthurm brings to light the social worlds of Gabonese patients as well as European staff. By refusing to easily categorize colonial medical encounters, the book challenges our understanding of biomedicine as solely domineering or interactive.

Revue de géographie physique et de géologie dynamique UNESCO

Increasingly used to analyze and manage marine and coastal zones, Geographical Information Systems (GIS) provide a powerful set of tools for integrating and processing spatial information. These technologies are increasingly used in the management and analysis of the coastal zone. Supplying the guidance necessary to use these tools, GIS for Coastal
Cahiers de l'Afrique de l'Ouest
Urbanisation et conflits en Afrique du Nord et de l'Ouest Geological Society of America
Après L'Exercice du développement, une nouvelle réflexion s'appuyant sur des questions actuelles : Ethiopie, Angola... « Copyright Electre »

Si c'était Freud Oxbow Books Limited

One of the major changes in the social science research landscape in recent years has been the introduction of computerised panel surveys in Europe and the US which make longitudinal data widely available to graduate students for the first time. Elisabetta Ruspini here provides a concise yet comprehensive introduction to the issues involved in this kind of research. This book: * Defines the concept of longitudinal research * Gives guidance on sources of longitudinal data in Europe and the US and their strengths and weaknesses * Discusses the choices that need to be made in this kind of research - for instance the advantages and disadvantages of certain types of research data and of different types of analysis * Highlights some of the problems involved, e.g. the issue of comparability within longitudinal research

GIS for Coastal Zone Management Odile Jacob

The World Bank Group is a vital source of financial and technical assistance to developing countries around the world. Its focus is on helping the poorest people in the poorest countries by using its financial resources, staff, and extensive experience to aid countries in reducing poverty, increasing economic growth, and improving quality of life. In partnership with more than 100 developing countries, the Bank Group is striving to improve health and education, fight corruption, boost agricultural support, build roads and ports, and protect the environment. Other projects are aimed at rebuilding war-torn countries or regions, providing basic services such as access to clean water, and encouraging investments that create jobs. In addition to this critical groundwork around the world, various parts of the World Bank Group are involved in activities ranging from conducting economic research and analysis to providing financial and advisory services to governments and private enterprises. This completely revised and updated second edition provides an accessible and straightforward overview of the World Bank Group's history, organization, mission, and purpose. Additionally, for those wishing to delve further into subjects of particular interest, the book guides readers to sources containing more detailed information, including annual reports, Web sites, publications, and e-mail addresses for various departments. It also provides information on how to work for or do business with the World Bank. A good introduction for anyone interested in understanding what the World Bank Group does and how it does it, this book shows

readers who want to learn more where to begin.

Dictionnaire universel et classique d'histoire et de géographie, comprenant L'histoire proprement dite, la biographie universelle, la mythologie, la géographie ancienne et la géographie moderne Smithsonian Books (DC)

Ida Jean Orlando, one of the leading nurse theorists, sees nursing as the means of providing direct assistance to individuals to avoid, relieve, diminish or cure a person's sense of helplessness. She also focuses on communication within the nurse-client relationship and identifies the validation process as essential to effective nursing care.

Sartre as Biographer BRILL

"This volume covers the period from the end of the Neolithic era to the beginning of the seventh century of our era. This lengthy period includes the civilization of Ancient Egypt, the history of Nubia, Ethiopia, North Africa and the Sahara, as well as of the other regions of the continent and its islands."--Publisher's description

The Seine River Basin Springer Nature

This Open Access book explores heritage conservation ethics of post conflict and provides an important historical record of the possible reconstruction of the Bamiyan Buddha statues, which was inscribed in the UNESCO World Heritage List in Danger in 2003 as "Cultural Landscape and Archaeological Remains of the Bamiyan Valley". With the condition that most surface of the original fragments of the Buddha statues were lost due to acts of deliberate destruction, this publication explores a reference point for conservation practitioners and policy makers around the world as they consider how to respond to on-going acts of destruction of cultural heritage. Whilst there has been an emerging debate to the ethics and nature of heritage reconstruction, this volume provides a plethora of ideas and approaches concerning the future treatment of the Bamiyan Buddha statues. It also addresses a number of fundamental questions on potential heritage reconstruction: how it will be done; who will decide; and what it should be done for. Moreover when it comes to the inscribed World Heritage properties, how can reconstructed heritage using non-original materials be considered to retain authenticity? With a view to serving as a precedent for potential decisions taken elsewhere in the world for cultural properties impacted by acts of violence and destruction, this volume introduces academic researches, experiences and observations of heritage

conservation theory and practice of heritage reconstruction. It also addresses the issue not merely from the point of a material conservation philosophy but within the context of holistic strategies for the protection of human rights and promotion of peace building.

Dictionnaire universel et classique d'histoire et de géographie.... CRC Press

This volume offers a comprehensive analysis of the water resources in the Souss-Massa river basin in southwestern Morocco and provides novel water-management approaches to narrow the gap between supply and demand for water. It evaluates conventional water resources—surface water and groundwater—and discusses in detail rainfall harvesting into dams along the Souss and Massa wadis. Further, it explores topics including the geology of the aquifer; the risk of over exploitation; alternative water resources, such as desalinated seawater and treated domestic wastewater, as well as management approaches like Data Development Analysis and the SALTMED model. With a focus on linking scientific research to practical applications and the demands of agriculture and associated agro-industry, urbanization and tourism, which compete for the limited water resources, the book appeals to environmental scientists, geologists, engineers and environmental managers.

Dictionnaire universel et classique d'histoire et de géographie, comprenant l'histoire proprement dite, la biographie universelle, la mythologie, la géographie ancienne et la géographie moderne, sur le plan du dictionnaire de Bouillet, ... et mis en ordre par une Société de professeurs Penguin Adult HC/TR

This open access book reviews the water-agro-food and socio-eco-system of the Seine River basin (76,000 km²), and offers a historical perspective on the river's long-term contamination. The Seine basin is inhabited by circa 17 million people and is impacted by intensive agricultural practices and industrial activities. These pressures have gradually affected its hydrological, chemical and ecological functioning, leading to a maximum chemical degradation between the 1960s and the 1990s. Over the last three decades, while major water-quality improvements have been observed, new issues (e.g. endocrine disruptors, microplastics) have also emerged. The state of the Seine River network, from the headwaters to estuary, is increasingly controlled by the balance between

pressures and social responses. This socio-ecosystem provides a unique example of the functioning of a territory under heavy anthropogenic pressure during the Anthropocene era. The achievements made were possible due to the long-term PIREN Seine research program, established in 1989 and today part of the French socio-ecological research network "Zones Ateliers", itself part of the international Long-term Socio-economic and Ecological Research Network (LTSER). Written by experts in the field, the book provides an introduction to the water budget and the territorial metabolism of the Seine basin, and studies the trajectories and impact of various pollutants in the Seine River. It offers insights into the ecological functioning, the integration of agricultural practices, the analysis of aquatic organic matter, and the evolution of fish assemblages in the Seine basin, and also presents research perspectives and approaches to improve the water quality of the Seine River. Given its scope, it will appeal to environmental managers, scientists and policymakers interested in the long-term contamination of the Seine River.

Nursing Theories UNESCO Publishing
A l'occasion du 70e anniversaire de la mort de Freud, cette biographie, qui tient compte de toutes les recherches historiques, psychanalytiques et philosophiques, retrace la vie intellectuelle et affective de Freud, ses enjeux, ses alliances, ses ruptures, ses rapports au judaïsme et à l'antisémitisme, ses combats contre la maladie et la mort et sa pratique de la psychanalyse.

Politics, Property and Production in the West African Sahel Springer Nature
Montaner outlines what Barcelona has to offer in the way of architecture and interior design from Gothic to the present day, and argues that no other major city combines history and avant-garde like the Catalan capital.

The Discipline and Teaching of Nursing Process (an Evaluative Study) Editions Le Bord de l'eau

Este informe cita ejemplos de utilización de las TIC en diferentes regiones del mundo - África, la región árabe, Asia y América Latina - y proporciona un buen ejemplo de los cambios que las TIC aportan a los sistemas y políticas de educación. La gran diversidad que ofrecen los países seleccionados - Jordania, Namibia, Rwanda, Singapur y Uruguay - en términos de desarrollo económico y educativo, sugiere que lo que está en juego no se limitan a un determinado grupo de países privilegiados.

Submerged Prehistory Nordic Africa

Institute
 Reframing Deforestation suggests that the
 scale of destruction wrought by West
 African farmers during the twentieth

century has been vastly exaggerated and
 global analyses have unfairly stigmatized
 them.

Dynamique des systèmes agraires : le
 développement rural, comprendre pour
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